07-04-00

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

PATENT APPLICATION



Benson S. Ayabe Sharat Subramaniyam Chander Semyon B. Mizikovsky Prior Application:

Serial No.: 08/572,481

Filing Date: December 14, 1995

Group Art Unit: 2749
Examiner: W. Cumming
Status: Pending

Case 3-7-26

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS WASHINGTON, D. C. 20231

CONTINUATION/DIVISIONAL APPLICATION UNDER 37 CFR § 1.53(b)

This is a request for filling a continuation	oin.	
Enclosed are the following papers relating to the above-identified application: 1. Specification (Total Pages: 16) 2. Drawings (Total Sheets: 3) 3. Copy of "Declaration and Power of Attorney" from prior application (Total Pages: 3) 4. Newly executed "Declaration and Power of Attorney" (if adding inventors) (Total Pages: 10) 5. Newly executed "Assignment and Agreement" (if adding inventors) (Total Pages: 10) 6. Incorporation By Reference The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 3, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein. 7. DELETION OF INVENTOR(S) Signed statement attached (under 37 CFR § 1.63(d)(2)) deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application 8. Information Disclosure Statement 9. Copy of "Extension of Time" 10. Condet the following original claims in the prior application before calculating the filling (Appendix "D" of Patent Disclosure Opendix "D" of Patent Opendix "D" opendix "D" opendix "D" opendix "D"	This is a request for filing a 🗵 continuation Under 37 CFR § 1.53(b) of properties on December 14, 1995	rior
Enclosed are the following papers relating to the above-identified application: 1.	entitled System And Method For Transmitting A Displayable Message To A	-
 Specification (Total Pages: 16) Drawings (Total Sheets: 3) Copy of "Declaration and Power of Attorney" from prior application (Total Pages: 3) Newly executed "Declaration and Power of Attorney" (if adding inventors) (Total Pages:) Newly executed "Assignment and Agreement" (if adding inventors) (Total Pages:) Incorporation By Reference Incorporation By Reference entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 3, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein. DELETION OF INVENTOR(S) Signed statement attached (under 37 CFR § 1.63(d)(2)) deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application Information Disclosure Statement Copy of "Extension of Time" Signed changes to drawings; Decision on Petition of Assignee; Patent Assignment; Power of attorney signed by Bruce S. Schneider; List of Patent Applications Cancel the following original claims in the prior application before calculating the filing (Appendix "D" of Patent 		_
 2. ☑ Drawings (Total Sheets:3) 3. ☑ Copy of "Declaration and Power of Attorney" from prior application (Total Pages:3) 4. ☐ Newly executed "Declaration and Power of Attorney" (if adding inventors) (Total Pages:) 5. ☐ Newly executed "Assignment and Agreement" (if adding inventors) (Total Pages:) 6. ☑ Incorporation By Reference The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 3, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein. 7. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S) Signed statement attached (under 37 CFR § 1.63(d)(2)) deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application 8. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement 9. ☑ Copy of "Extension of Time" 10. ☑ Other: Proposed changes to drawings; Decision on Petition of Assignee; Patent Assignment; Power of attorney signed by Bruce S. Schneider; List of Patent Applications Transferred to Lucent 11. ☑ Cancel the following original claims in the prior application before calculating the filing (Appendix "D" of Patent 	Enclosed are the following papers relating to the above-identified application:	
 3. ☑ Copy of "Declaration and Power of Attorney" from prior application (Total Pages:	1. A Specification (Total Pages: 16)	
 4. □ Newly executed "Declaration and Power of Attorney" (if adding inventors) (Total Pages:) 5. □ Newly executed "Assignment and Agreement" (if adding inventors) (Total Pages:) 6. ☑ Incorporation By Reference The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 3, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein. 7. □ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S) Signed statement attached (under 37 CFR § 1.63(d)(2)) deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application 8. □ Information Disclosure Statement 9. ☑ Copy of "Extension of Time" 10. ☑ Other: Proposed changes to drawings; Decision on Petition of Assignee; Patent Assignment; Power of attorney signed by Bruce S. Schneider; List of Patent Applications transferred to Lucent 11. ☑ Cancel the following original claims in the prior application before calculating the filling (Appendix "D" of Patent 	2. Drawings (Total Sheets: 3)	
 (Total Pages:) 5. □ Newly executed "Assignment and Agreement" (if adding inventors) (Total Pages:) 6. ☒ Incorporation By Reference The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 3, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein. 7. □ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S) Signed statement attached (under 37 CFR § 1.63(d)(2)) deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application 8. □ Information Disclosure Statement 9. ☒ Copy of "Extension of Time" 10. ☒ Other: Proposed changes to drawings; Decision on Petition of Assignee; Patent Assignment; Power of attorney signed by Bruce S. Schneider; List of Patent Applications transferred to Lucent 11. ☒ Cancel the following original claims in the prior application before calculating the filling (Appendix "D" of Patent 	3. 🗵 Copy of "Declaration and Power of Attorney" from prior application (Total Pages: 3	_)
 6. \[\begin{align*} \text{Incorporation By Reference} \\ \end{align*} \] The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 3, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein. 7. \[\begin{align*} \text{DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)} \\ \text{Signed statement attached (under 37 CFR § 1.63(d)(2)) deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application 8. \[\begin{align*} \text{Information Disclosure Statement} \\ 9. \[\text{Copy of "Extension of Time"} \\ 10. \[\text{Other:} \\ \text{Proposed} \\ \text{changes to drawings; Decision on Petition of Assignee; Patent Assignment;} \\ \text{Power of attorney signed by Bruce S. Schneider; List of Patent Applications transferred to Lucent} \\ 11. \[\text{Cancel the following original claims in the prior application before calculating the filling (Appendix "D" fee: 6,8, 9, 12, 14-17, 23-26. \end{align*} \] of Patent 	 Newly executed "Declaration and Power of Attorney" (if adding inventors) (Total Pages:) 	
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 3, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein. 7. DELETION OF INVENTOR(S) Signed statement attached (under 37 CFR § 1.63(d)(2)) deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application 8. Information Disclosure Statement 9. Copy of "Extension of Time" 10. Other: Proposed changes to drawings; Decision on Petition of Assignee; Patent Assignment; Power of attorney signed by Bruce S. Schneider; List of Patent Applications transferred to Lucent 11. Cancel the following original claims in the prior application before calculating the filing (Appendix "D" fee: 6, 8, 9, 12, 14-17, 23-26.	5. Newly executed "Assignment and Agreement" (if adding inventors) (Total Pages:	
declaration is supplied under Box 3, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein. 7. DELETION OF INVENTOR(S) Signed statement attached (under 37 CFR § 1.63(d)(2)) deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application 8. Information Disclosure Statement 9. Copy of "Extension of Time" 10. Other: Proposed changes to drawings; Decision on Petition of Assignee; Patent Assignment; Power of attorney signed by Bruce S. Schneider; List of Patent Applications transferred to Lucent 11. Cancel the following original claims in the prior application before calculating the filing (Appendix "D" of Patent	6. 🛮 Incorporation By Reference	
Signed statement attached (under 37 CFR § 1.63(d)(2)) deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application 8. Information Disclosure Statement 9. Copy of "Extension of Time" 10. Other: Proposed changes to drawings; Decision on Petition of Assignee; Patent Assignment; Power of attorney signed by Bruce S. Schneider; List of Patent Applications transferred to Lucent 11. Cancel the following original claims in the prior application before calculating the filing (Appendix "D" fee: 6, 8, 9, 12, 14-17, 23-26.	declaration is supplied under Box 3, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated	
Signed statement attached (under 37 CFR § 1.63(d)(2)) deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application 8. Information Disclosure Statement 9. Copy of "Extension of Time" 10. Other: Proposed changes to drawings; Decision on Petition of Assignee; Patent Assignment; Power of attorney signed by Bruce S. Schneider; List of Patent Applications transferred to Lucent 11. Cancel the following original claims in the prior application before calculating the filing (Appendix "D" fee: 6, 8, 9, 12, 14-17, 23-26.	7. DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)	
9. A Copy of "Extension of Time" 10. Other: Proposed changes to drawings; Decision on Petition of Assignee; Patent Assignment; Power of attorney signed by Bruce S. Schneider; List of Patent Applications transferred to Lucent 11. Cancel the following original claims in the prior application before calculating the filing (Appendix "D" of Patent	Signed statement attached (under 37 CFR § 1.63(d)(2)) deleting inventor(s) named in the p	rior
10. A Other: Proposed changes to drawings; Decision on Petition of Assignee; Patent Assignment; Power of attorney signed by Bruce S. Schneider; List of Patent Applications transferred to Lucent 11. Cancel the following original claims in the prior application before calculating the filing fee: 6, 8, 9, 12, 14-17, 23-26. Other: Proposed changes to drawings; Decision on Petition of Assignee; Patent Assignment; transferred to Lucent (Appendix "D" of Patent	8.	
Proposed changes to drawings; Decision on Petition of Assignee; Patent Assignment; Power of attorney signed by Bruce S. Schneider; List of Patent Applications transferred to Lucent 11. Cancel the following original claims in the prior application before calculating the filing fee: 6, 8, 9, 12, 14-17, 23-26. (Appendix "D" of Patent	9. Copy of "Extension of Time"	
Power of attorney signed by Bruce S. Schneider; List of Patent Applications transferred to Lucent 11. Cancel the following original claims in the prior application before calculating the filing fee: 6, 8, 9, 12, 14-17, 23-26. Of Patent	10. A Other: Proposed changes to drawings; Decision on Petition of Assignee; Patent	t Assignment:
transferred to Lucent 11. A Cancel the following original claims in the prior application before calculating the filing (Appendix "D" fee: 6, 8, 9, 12, 14-17, 23-26. of Patent	Power of attorney signed by Bruce S. Schneider; List of Patent A	Applications
fee: 6, 8, 9, 12, 14-17, 23-26. of Patent	transferm	red to Lucent
	11. La Cancel the following original claims in the prior application before calculating the filing fee. 6. 8. 9. 12. 14-17: 23-26	
ASSIGNMENT		Assignment)

	NO. FILED	NO. EXTRA	RATE	CALCULATIONS
Total Claims	14 -20 =	0	x \$18 =	0
Independent Claims	3 -3=	0	x \$78 =	0
Multiple Dependent Claims(s), if applicable			+ \$260 =	
Basic Fee				\$690
			TOTAL FEE	\$690

12. Amend the specification by inserting before the first line th	nis sentence:	
This is a ☐ continuation ☐ divisional of Application Serial No		_, filed on
13. Preliminary Amendment		
14. Amendment Fee:		
No additional fee is required.An additional amendment fee is calculated as follows:		

	C	LAIMS AS	AMENDED			
	Claims Remaining After Amendment		Highest No. Previously Paid For (from above)	Present Extra	Rate	Additional Fee
Total Claims for Fee Purposes		minus			x \$18	
Independent Claims		minus			x \$78	
Multiple Dependent first presented with	nt Claim(s) n this amendment, if appli	cable.			+ \$260	
	TOTAL AD	DITIONAL F	EE FOR THIS AM	ENDMENT:	" ·	

15. Please charge the total amount of $\frac{690 \cdot 00}{12-2325}$ to Lucent Technologies Deposit Account No. 12-2325.

Duplicate copies of this letter are enclosed. In the event of non-payment of improper payment of a required fee, the Commissioner is authorized to charge or to credit **Deposit Account No. 12-2325** as required to correct the error.

The Assistant Commissioner for Patents is hereby authorized to treat any concurrent or future reply, requiring a petition for extension of time under 37 CFR § 1.136 for its timely submission, as incorporating a petition for extension of time for the appropriate length of time if not submitted with the reply.

Please address all correspondence to **Docket Administrator** (Room 3C-512), Lucent Technologies Inc., 600 Mountain Avenue, P.O. Box 636, Murray Hill, New Jersey 07974-0636. However, telephone calls should be made to me at _____973-386-8803______.

Respectfully,

Attorney for Applicant(s), Reg. No. 39260

Irena Lager

600 Mountain Avenue (Room 3C-512)

P.O. Box 636

Murray Hill, New Jersey 07974-0636

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

PATENT APPLICATION

Inventors:

Benson S. Ayabe

Sharat Subramaniyam Chander

Semyon B. Mizikovsky

Attorney Docket No.:

Ayabe 1-1-3

Group Art Unit: 2744

Serial No.:

08/572,481

Examiner:

W. Cumming

Filed:

December 14, 1995

Title:

System And Method For Transmitting A Displayable Message To A Short

Message Entity In More Than One Data Package.

Honorable Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Dear Sir.

Please enter the following preliminary amendment to the above-identified application.

In the Claims

- 1. A system that is capable of transmitting a displayable message to a terminating short message entity in more than one data package over a conveying network, the system comprising:
- a capacity determiner that determines a capacity of the conveying network for transmitting data;
- a fragmenter that divides the displayable message into fragments at an application protocol layer based on the capacity determined by the capacity determiner such that the size of the fragments does not exceed the capacity of the conveying network; and
- a packager that packages the fragments into the data packages such that the data packages are operable to be separately transmitted by a short message service over the conveying network.
- 1 2. The system of claim 1, wherein the capacity determiner determines a number of octets in the displayable message that are operable to be transmitted in the data packages.

2

1

2

3

4

5

- 1 3. The system of claim 1, wherein the capacity determiner determines a number of 2 bits in the displayable message that are operable to be transmitted in the data packages.
- 4. The system of claim 1, wherein the fragmenter divides the displayable message into *n* fragments such that (*n*-1) of the fragments include an amount of data substantially equal to the capacity of the conveying network, and one of the fragments includes an amount of data less that the capacity of the conveying network.
- The system of claim 1, wherein the data packages further include an indicia of the size of the displayable message and a reference parameter corresponding to the position of the fragments in the displayable message.
 - 7. The system of claim 1, wherein the data packages further include an indicia of the identity of the displayable message.
 - 10. The system of claim 1, wherein the capacity determiner determines the capacity based on a capacity indication from a serving wireless telecommunications network in the conveying network.
- 1 11. The system of claim 1, wherein the capacity determiner, the fragmenter and the packager comprise a displayable message center coupled to a serving wireless telecommunications network that transmits the displayable message to the wireless terminal.
- 1 13 (amended). A system capable of transmitting a displayable message over a conveying 2 network in more than one data package, the system comprising:
 - a fragmenter for dividing a displayable message having an amount of data greater than the capacity of the components of the conveying network into fragments at the application protocol layer, each fragment having an amount of data less than or equal to the capacity of the conveying network; and

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

1

2

3

1

2

3

1

2

3

4

1

2

7	a packager for packaging the fragments into multiple data packages[, the data packages
8	including a reference parameter corresponding to the position of the fragment in the displayable
9	message.]

18 (amended). A method capable of transmitting a displayable message over a conveying network in more than one data package, the method comprising:

determining a capacity of the components of the conveying network for transmitting data; dividing the displayable message into fragments at the application protocol layer based on the capacity of the conveying network such that the size of the fragments does not exceed the capacity of the conveying network; and

packaging the fragments into the data packages such that the data packages are operable to be separately transmitted by a short message service over the conveying network[, a data package including a reference parameter corresponding to the position of the fragment in the displayable message].

- 19. The method of claim 18, wherein the step of determining a capacity comprises the step of determining a number of characters in the displayable message that are operable to be transmitted in the data packages.
- 20. The method of claim 18, wherein the step of determining a capacity comprises the step of determining a number of bits in the displayable message that are operable to be transmitted in the data packages.
- 21. The method of claim 18, wherein the step of dividing the displayable message comprises dividing the displayable message into n fragments such that (n-1) of the fragments include an amount of data equal to the capacity of the conveying network, and one of the fragments includes an amount of data less than the capacity of the conveying network.
- 22. The method of claim 18, and further comprising including an indicia of the size of the displayable message in the data packages.

Remarks

Consideration of the above-referenced application based on the following remarks is respectfully requested.

A Request for Approval to Amend the Drawings is enclosed herewith. Applicants submit that no new matter is introduced by way of this amendment. The amendment is to correct the directions of some of the arrows in Figure 5, and is supported on page 11, lines 4 through 10 of the specification as originally filed.

Claims 1 - 5, 7, 10, 11, 13 and 18-22 are in the case. Claims 13 and 18 are amended hereinabove. No new matter has been added.

Claim 13 is amended to recite that the a fragmenter can divide the message into fragments at the application protocol layer. The amendment is supported on page 2, line 31 of the application.

In the parent application, Serial No. 08/572,481, claims 1 - 5, 7, 10, 11, 13 and 18-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kralowetz, et al in view of Lahtinen.

Applicants respectfully traverse the rejection of claims 1-5, 7, 10, 11, 13 and 18-22 over Kralowetz, et al in view of Lahtinen. There is no suggestion in the prior art to combine the teachings of Kralowetz et al. and Lahtinen. However, even if the references are combined, the requirements of the claims are not met. Independent claim 1 (lines 6-7), claim 13 (lines 4-5), and claim 18 (line 4) recite that **the data is fragmented at the application protocol layer**. Kralowetz et al. discloses that the data is fragmented in the proxy engine, column 10, lines 27-28. Applicants respectfully submits that nowhere in Kralowetz et al. does it state at what protocol layer the proxy engine is located, nor does it state that the proxy engine could be at the application protocol layer.

Kralowetz et al. does suggest that the proxy engine is at a layer below the application protocol layer. Kralowetz et al. discloses "The invention allows an application running above the proxy engine to 'leverage', or take advantage of, all the advanced set of features described . .

." (emphasis added), column 3, line 58-60. This statement points out that applications run above the proxy engine, which implies that the proxy engine is at a layer below the application protocol layer. Therefore, Kralowetz et al. does not teach or suggest that **the data is fragmented at the application protocol layer** as required by independent claim 1 and its associated dependent claims 2-5, 7, and 10-11, independent claim 13, and independent claim 18 and its associated dependent claims 19-22.

Lahtinen does not disclose fragmenting the data at all, and therefore does not disclose fragmenting the data at the application protocol layer, as required by independent claim 1 and its associated dependent claims 2-5, 7, and 10-11, independent claim 13, and independent claim 18 and its associated dependent claims 19-22.

Applicants further respectfully submit that there is no suggestion in the prior art to modify the teachings of Kralowetz et al. and Lahtinen to obtain the requirements of claims.

Since Kralowetz et al. or Lahtinen, taken alone or in combination, do not disclose or suggest **fragmenting the data into fragments at the application protocol layer** as required by independent claim 1 and its associated dependent claims 2-5, 7, and 10-11, independent claim 13, and independent claim 18 and its associated dependent claims 19-22, it is respectfully submitted that claims 1-5,7, 10-11, 13 and 18-22 are patentable under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) over Kralowetz et al. in view of Lahtinen.

In the parent application, Serial No. 08/572,481, claims 13, and 18-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kralowetz, et al in view of Pohjakallio.

Applicants respectfully traverse the rejection of claims 13, and 18-22 over Kralowetz, et al in view of Pohjakallio. There is no suggestion in the prior art to combine the teachings of Kralowetz et al. and Pohjakallio. However, even if the references are combined, the requirements of the claims are not met. Independent claim 13 (lines 4-5) and claim 18 (line 4) recite that the data is fragmented at the application protocol layer. As stated in the arguments above, Kralowetz et al. discloses that the data is fragmented in the proxy engine, column 10, lines 27-28. Kralowetz et al. does not disclose at what protocol layer the proxy engine is located; therefore, Kralowetz et al. does not disclose that the proxy engine is located at the application protocol layer. However, Kralowetz et al. does suggest that the proxy engine is at a layer below the application protocol layer. Kralowetz et al. discloses "The invention allows an application

running above the proxy engine to 'leverage', or take advantage of, all the advanced set of features described . . ." (emphasis added), column 3, line 58-60. This statement points out that applications run above the proxy engine, which implies that the proxy engine is at a layer below the application protocol layer. Therefore, Kralowetz et al. does not teach or suggest that the data is fragmented at the application protocol layer as required by independent claim 13, and independent claim 18 and its associated dependent claims 19-22.

Pohjakallio also does not disclose or suggest that the data is fragmented at the application protocol layer. Pohjakallio discloses systems and methods for sending data in a cellular radio system using data packages. However, Pohjakallio does not teach or suggest the level at which the data is fragmented.

Applicants respectfully further traverse the rejection of claims 18-22 over Kralowetz et al. in view of Pohjakallio. Claim 18 recites determining a capacity of the components of the conveying network for transmitting data, dividing the displayable message into fragments at the application protocol layer based on the capacity of the conveying network, and packaging the fragments into the data packages such that the data packages are operable to be separately transmitted by a short message service over the conveying network. Kralowetz et al. does not indicate that the messages are fragmented into a size that is supported by a carriage protocol of a short message service as required by claim 18. If the messages are not fragmented into a size that is supported by a carriage protocol of a short message service the messages cannot be accurately conveyed on a network using a short message service.

Pohjakallio does not teach or suggest packaging the fragments into the data packages such that the data packages are operable to be separately transmitted by a short message service as required by claim 18. The goal of Pohjakallio is to use data packages that have a larger size than would be allowed for a single message on a short message service. In column 1, lines 30-37 and 47-51 Pohjakallio states that the applicability of short messages in the establishment of economical data connections is limited, therefore teaching away from packaging the fragments into the data packages such that the data packages are operable to be separately transmitted by a short message service as required by independent claim 18 (lines 7-8), and its dependent claims 19-22.

Applicants further respectfully submit that there is no suggestion in the prior art to modify the teachings of Kralowetz et al. and Pohjakallio to obtain the requirements of claims.

Since Kralowetz et al. or Pohjakallio, taken alone or in combination, do not disclose or suggest:

- i) fragmenting the data into fragments at the application protocol layer, as required by independent claim 13 and independent claim 18 and its dependent claims 19-22;
- ii) packaging the fragments into the data packages such that the data packages are operable to be separately transmitted by a short message service as required by independent claim 18 and its dependent claims 19-22;

it is respectfully submitted that claims 13 and 18-22 are patentable under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) over Kralowetz et al. in view of Pohjakallio.

In the advisory action of the parent application, Serial No. 08/572,481, the Examiner stated that "Kralowetz, et al. "...suggest...:" that the proxy engine is at at or even above the application protocol layer."

Applicants respectfully disagree with the Examiner's position.

Applicants have reviewed the Kralowetz reference and cannot locate the suggestion that the proxy engine is at or even above the application protocol layer. The Examiner did not point out where in Kralowetz et al. there is such a suggestion. Therefore, Applicants respectfully request the Examiner point out where in the Kralowetz reference there is such a suggestion.

In addition to the reasons stated above in the discussion of Kralowetz et al., Applicants respectfully disagree with the Examiner's position that Kralowetz, et al. "...suggest...:" that the proxy engine is even above the application protocol layer because this position appears to be in conflict with column 2, lines 25-26, of Kralowetz et al.. In column 2, lines 25-26 Kralowetz et al. states that "The application layer is the top layer of the model". This statement implies that there is nothing in the model above this layer and therefore the proxy engine cannot be above this top layer of the model.

If there are any outstanding issues, the Examiner is invited to call applicants' attorney at 973-386-8803 to discuss this application.

Based on the above amendments and remarks applicants respectfully request consideration of the above-referenced application.

Respectfully submitted,

Irena Lager

Attorney for Applicants Registry No. 39260

Lucent Technologies Inc.
Date: 3,2000

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Patent Application

inventor(s):

Benson S. Ayabe

Sharat Subramaniyam Chander

Semyon B. Mizikovsky

Case:

3-7-26

Serial No.:

Filing Date:

Examiner:

Group Art Unit:

Title:

System And Method For Transmitting A Displayable Message To A

Short Message Entity In More Than One Data Package

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS WASHINGTON, D. C. 20231

SIR:

Proposed Changes to Drawings

Attached for approval is one (1) sheet of drawings showing proposed changes in red ink to the drawing in the above-identified application. The change is to correct FIG. 5. The correction is supported in the specification on page 11, lines 4-10.

Respectfully,

Benson S. Ayabe Sharat Subramaniyam Chander

Semyon B. Mizikovsky

Irena Lager, Attorney

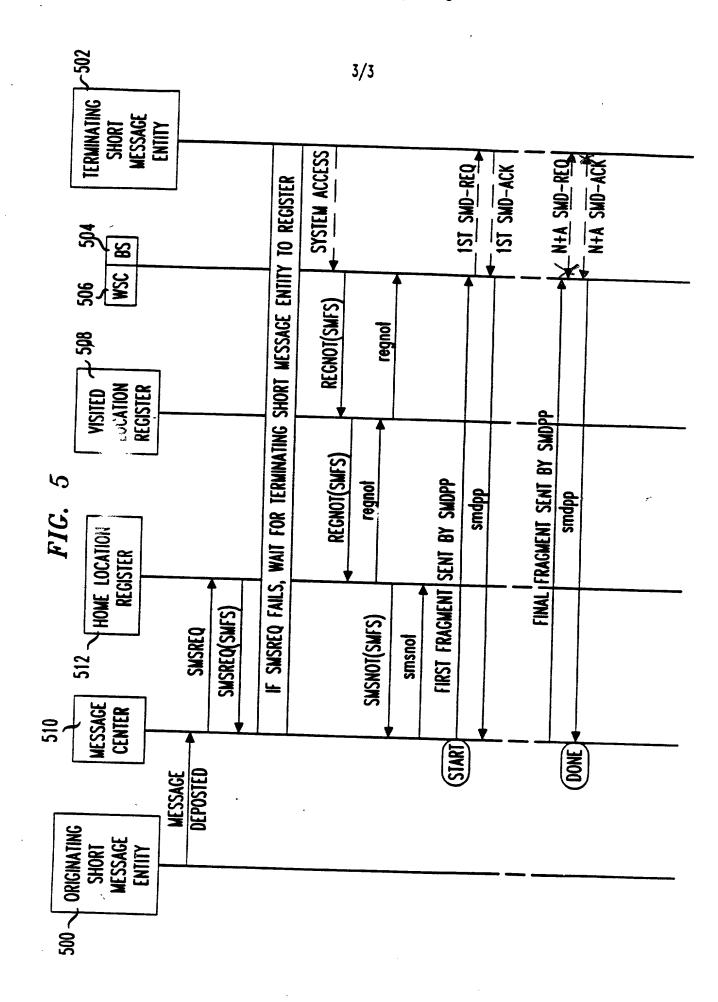
Reg. No. 39260 973-386-8803

Date:

Att.

1 sheet Drawing

April 3, 2000



SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR TRANSMITTING A DISPLAYABLE MESSAGE BETWEEN SHORT MESSAGE ENTITIES IN MORE THAN ONE DATA PACKAGE

Field of the Invention

5

The present invention relates to telecommunications systems in general and, more particularly, to a system and method for transmitting a displayable message between short message entities.

Background of the Invention

10

15

20

25

30

Some telecommunications service providers, including cellular and paging companies, provide a "short message service" which allows a user to send and receive displayable messages via a "short message entity." For purposes of this specification, a short message entity is a device that is capable of composing or disposing of short messages. Both wireline and wireless terminals, including cellular telephones and pagers, may function as short message entities. Further, short message service includes the capability of conveying a short message from an originating short message entity to one or more terminating short message entities. For example, current paging systems can transmit a displayable message that consists of a telephone number to be called. Some wireless systems can also send alpha-numeric text for display on the screen of a wireless terminal thus allowing users to send more detailed messages. Alpha-numeric text can also be sent to computing devices such as desk and lap-top computers over wireless or wired terminals or devices. Unfortunately, current short message services can only handle displayable messages of limited size. However, to compete with the burgeoning electronic mail industry, telecommunications service providers would like to be able to transmit longer "short" messages to terminating short message entities.

The Telecommunications Industry Association ("TIA") has prescribed interim standards (designated "IS" concatenated with an identifier) for transmitting displayable messages to short message entities over various wireless air interfaces and networks. Each interim standard specifies a protocol including operations, parameters, operational messages and procedures for transmitting a displayable message as a single data package. For example, IS-95A and IS-637 specify protocols for wireless systems that use Code Division Multiple Access ("CDMA") technology. Further, the IS-136 family of standards specify protocols for short message service in Time Division Multiple Access ("TDMA") systems. The IS-91 family of standards specifies protocols for short message service in advanced mobile phone service ("AMPS/NAMPS") systems. Finally, IS-41-C specifies protocols for short message service over inter-system

10

15

20

25

networks. Analogous protocols exist in the paging industry. Unfortunately, each of these standards specifies a maximum length for the displayable message. The standards do not contemplate transmission of longer displayable messages.

Typically, an originating short message entity generates a displayable message for transmission to a terminating short message entity. The displayable message is transmitted over a "conveying network" or "pipeline" between these short message entities. The conveying network includes the network elements and air interface traversed by the displayable message. The conveying network may include some signaling mechanism such as, for example, Signaling System 7 ("SS7"), X.25, Internet Protocol ("IP"), Asynchronous Transfer Mode ("ATM"), or Frame Relay. Further, the air interface may be digital such as TDMA, CDMA or other digital air interface. Alternatively, the air interface may comprise an analog interface. It is noted that the originating and terminating short message entities do all of the processing with the short message service at the application protocol layer. The intervening conveying network simply acts as a conduit for information between these two end points. Unfortunately, the conveying network can only transmit up to a maximum amount of data or information as a single data package due to, for example, operational standards as described above or specific implementation of portions of the conveying network. The capacity of the conveying network thus limits the size of displayable message that can be transmitted in a data package.

Developers in the paging industry have dabbled with systems that divide a displayable message into multiple fragments for transmission. However, such systems are primitive because there is no method to handle fragments that are received out of order, or to provide for retransmissions to make up for lost fragments. Further, fragmentation of operational messages has been used in lower layer operations in wireless networks. However, to adapt this capability for use in transmitting displayable messages, wireless service providers would have to install numerous software and hardware upgrades to existing networks--an expesive task.

Summary of the Invention

An illustrative embodiment of the present invention provides a system that is capable of transmitting a displayable message to a terminating short message entity in more than one data package over a conveying network. A capacity determiner ascertains the capacity of the conveying network for transmitting data. Based on the capacity of the conveying network, a fragmenter divides the displayable message into fragments at an application protocol layer. The size of a fragment does not exceed the capacity of the conveying network. Finally, a packager packages the fragments into data packages. The data packages are separately transmitted using a currently defined short message service over the conveying network.

10

15

20

25

30

Advantageously, in the illustrative embodiment, each data package may include a reference parameter corresponding to the position of the fragment in the displayable message, and a reference parameter indicating the total size of the displayable message being fragmented and packaged. Other reference parameters may be included in the data packages such as a parameter that indicates the identity of the displayable message to which the fragment corresponds.

Another illustrative embodiment of the present invention provides a system capable of reconstructing a displayable message from multiple data packages transmitted over a conveying network. The system includes a fragment retriever that obtains from the data package a fragment of a displayable message. The size of the fragments is based on the capacity of the conveying network to transmit data. In one embodiment, the fragment retriever further obtains from the data package a reference parameter that indicates the relative position of the fragment in the displayable message. The fragment retriever further orders the corresponding fragments according to the reference parameters obtained from the data packages. Once all fragments have been received, determined by comparing the cummulative size of fragments received against the total size parameter, a message reconstructer assembles the fragments into the displayable message.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Illustrative embodiments of the present invention are described below in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

Fig. 1 is a block diagram of an illustrative embodiment of the present invention that provides a system for transmitting a displayable message over a conveying network;

Fig. 2 is a block diagram of an illustrative embodiment of a portion of a short message entity for use in composing a displayable message for transmission in the system of Fig. 1;

Figs. 3 is a block diagram of an illustrative embodiment of a portion of a short message entity for use in reconstructing a displayable message with the system of Fig. 1;

Fig. 4a-4b are flow charts that illustrate embodiments of the present invention for reconstructing a displayable message transmitted in more than one data package over a conveying network; and

Fig. 5 is a sample operational message flow scenario of an illustrative embodiment of the present invention.

Detailed Description

10

15

20

Fig. 1 is a block diagram of an illustrative embodiment of the present invention. Telecommunications system 100 transmits displayable messages between, for example, short message entities 102, 104 and 105 over a conveying network in more than one data package using a short message service. As shown in Fig. 1, a short message entity may reside in a wireless terminal (e.g., short message entities 104 and 105 which may comprise cellular or mobile telephones, or a pager), a wireline terminal (e.g., short message entity 102 which may comprise a wireline telephone, facsimile machine or computer) or other appropriate terminal for transmitting displayable messages.

Telecommunications system 100 includes serving wireless system 106. Wireless system 106 includes wireless switching center ("WSC") 108 that routes displayable messages through base stations 110₁, 110₂ and 110₃ to and from wireless terminals such as short message entities 104 and 105. Each base station 110_n services a region 111_n referred to as a "cell." For simplicity, each cell 111_n is depicted as a hexagon. However, the actual shape of a cell 111_n is dictated by factors such as the terrain and electromagnetic sources. It is noted that each cell 111_n may be further divided into a two or more sectors. Each base station 110_n includes antennas and radios for communicating with wireless terminals. Each base station 110_n further includes transmission equipment for communicating with wireless switching center 108.

Short message entity 102 is coupled to wireless switching center 108 through at least two types of paths. First, network 114 couples short message entity 102 to wireless switching center 108 through an "indirect" path. Network 114 may comprise, for example, a network employing SS7, X.25, IP, ATM or frame relay technology. Further, short message entity 102 may be coupled to wireless switching center 108 through a direct path.

In operation, short message entities can transmit displayable messages over telecommunications system 100 in at least two ways. First, short message entities can transmit displayable messages directly to a terminating short message entity over telecommunications system 100. Further, short message entities can transmit displayable messages to an intermediate node, such as a message center, in network 114 for storage until such time as the terminating short message entity is ready to receive the displayable message. This is referred to as "store and forward" transmission of a displayable message.

In direct transmission, short message entity 102, for example, generates a displayable message for transmission to short message entity 104. The displayable message may comprise alpha-numeric characters transmitted as formatted (octets) or unformatted binary bits. The conveying network or pipeline between short message entity 102 and short message entity 104 comprises network 114, wireless switching center 108 and bases station 1101

30

10

15

20

25

30

As described above, the maximum amount of data or information (e.g., formatted or unformatted binary bits) that can be transmitted through the conveying network as a single package of data is defined as the "capacity" of the conveying network. Short message entity 102 determines the capacity of the conveying network that is to be used to transmit the displayable message to short message entity 104. Based on this capacity, short message entity 102 divides the displayable message into fragments that are less in size than that capacity and packages these fragments for transmission over the conveying network.

Short message entity 104 receives the packages from base station 110₁ and reconstructs the displayable message. Short message entity 104 then displays the displayable message on, for example, a screen. Thus, system 100 can transmit a displayable message to short message entity 104 that exceeds the capacity of the conveying network and the short message service used to transmit the displayable message. The fragmentation and reconstruction of the displayable message can be carried out at the teleservice (application) protocol layer, thus not requiring an expensive modification to components of network 114 or wireless network 106.

Alternatively, telecommunications system 100 can also support store and forward transmission of a displayable message. For example, short message entity 105 can transmit a displayable message to short message entity 104. Short message entity 105 generates a displayable message for transmission to short message entity 104. If short message entity 104 is not available, telecommunications system 100 identifies a message center in network 114 or wireless switching center 108 to receive and store the displayable message. Short message entity 105 determines the capacity of the conveying network that is to be used to transmit the displayable message to the message center. Based on this capacity, short message entity 105 divides the displayable message into fragments that are less than that capacity and packages these fragments for transmission over the conveying network to the message center.

When short message entity 104 is available to receive the message, the message center determines the capacity of a conveying network to be used to carry the displayable message to short message entity 104. Short message entity 104 receives the packages from base station 1101 and reconstructs the displayable message. Short message entity 104 then displays the displayable message on, for example, a screen. It is noted that in both direct and store and forward techniques, network 114 may include nodes that perform the functions of short message entities 102, 104 and 105. For example, these functions may be performed in a message center, a home location register, a wireless switching center or other appropriate network node.

It is noted that short message entities 104 and 105 are both shown for convenience in wireless system 106. It is understood that short message entities 104 and 105 may communicate

displayable messages over telecommunications system 100 even when short message entities 104 and 105 are not located in the same wireless system or are not using the same wireless switching center.

Example

5

In a cellular system using SS7 as the inter-system carriage protocol, the message package capacity is limited to 272 octets. A short message delivery operation, designated "SMDPP," can therefore carry only 272 octets of information. A considerable portion of this is used for "overhead" information, such as addressing and other parameters, some that are mandatory and some that are optional. The size of this overhead governs how much will remain to carry the displayable message in the data package. In an SS7 network, the component of the SMDPP operation that transmits the displayable message is referred to as "bearer data".

10

In a typical implementation, the overhead information may require 92 octets, leaving 180 octets available for transmitting the displayable message as bearer data. According to the illustrative embodiment, for displayable messages that exceed 180 octets, the composite displayable message is broken into fragments of 180 octets or less and transmitted with separate SMDPP operations.

15

If a serving wireless switching center ("WSC") could only handle 100 octets, then the size of the fragments is further limited. Considering the 100 octet pipe capacity imposed by the serving WSC, at least three SMDPP operations would be needed to carry a displayable message with between 200 and 300 octets of data. Each SMDPP operation can carry different amounts of data so long as no SMDPP operation exceeds the 100 octet pipe capacity defined by the WSC. Alternatively, all but one SMDPP operation can carry the data equal to the capacity while the last SMDPP operation carries data that is less than the capacity.

20

If any one of the fragments does not arrive at the terminating short message entity, the resulting automatic negative acknowledgment that already exists as part of the existing standards for single data package short message service would instigate the originating short message entity to retransmit that particular fragment. The integrity of each short message service delivery would also be guaranteed by lower layer checks (e.g., CRC, etc).

25

For clarity, Figs. 2 and 3, described below, only show circuitry for transmitting a displayable message in one direction. Thus Fig. 2 illustrates circuitry that is used to compose a displayable message for transmission. Similarly, Fig. 3 illustrates circuitry that is used to reconstruct a displayable message. It should be understood that short message entity 102 may include circuitry similar to Fig. 3 and that short message entity 104 may comprise circuitry similar to Fig. 2. Further, for purposes of this specification, a short message entity that is used to

10

15

20

25

30

compose a displayable message is referred to as an "originating short message entity." Similarly, a short message entity that is used to reconstruct a displayable message is referred to as a "terminating short message entity."

Fig. 2 is a block diagram of an embodiment of an originating short message entity for use in telecommunications network 100 of Fig. 1. Originating short message entity 102 processes displayable messages for transmission to a terminating short message entity. Originating short message entity 102 includes message composer 200. Message composer 200 provides displayable messages to message buffer 202. Message buffer 202 and capacity determiner provide inputs to fragmenter 204. Fragmenter 204 provides an output to packager 208.

In operation, originating short message entity 102 divides a displayable message entered with message composer 200 into fragments for transmission over a conveying network to a terminating short message entity. Capacity determination operation 206 determines the capacity for the virtual. As described in more detail below with respect to Fig. 5, capacity determiner 206 may determine the capacity of the conveying network in part based on a value of a parameter that is included in an autonomous registration process for a wireless terminal that roams into a region covered by wireless switching center 108. Originating short message entity 102 may use data on limitations of other aspects of the conveying network to set the size of the fragments. Fragmentation operation 204 divides the displayable message into fragments such that the fragments do not exceed the capacity of the conveying network. By thus dynamically sizing the data packages, the illustrative embodiment of the present invention advantageously allows displayable messages to be sent with increased usage of network resources. Packaging operation 208 places the fragments in data packages for transmission.

In addition to the fragments, the data packages may include other reference parameters. For example, the data packages may include a parameter, e.g., SMS_Fragment_Number, indicating the position of each fragment within the displayable message. Additionally, the data packages may each include an indicia of the size of the displayable message, e.g., SMS_Total_Payload_Size. Finally, each data package may include a parameter, e.g., Msg_ID, that identifies the displayable message to which the data package belongs. It is noted that the capacity, as defined previously, is the size of the largest data package that the virtual circuit can transmit. Thus, the capacity of the circuit includes space for "overhead" information used in transmitting data that is included with each package of data. This overhead may include, for example, the short message service protocol as well as the parameters SMS_Fragment_Number, SMS_Total_Payload_Size, and Msg_ID.

While fragmenter 204 may use a parameter corresponding to the relative position of the fragment, the sequence of the fragments may be preserved in other ways. Fragmenter 204 may, for example, pass each fragment to packager 208 and await the corresponding automatic acknowledgment before operating on the next fragment thereby passing the fragments to the packager in the order corresponding to the displayable message.

As previously noted, the conveying network between short message entity 102 and short message entity 104 merely transmits each data package according to existing protocols. No processing of the contents of the data packages occurs in the conveying network thus allowing implementation without requiring significant modifications to software or hardware or both.

Fig. 3 is a block diagram of a portion of a terminating short message entity for use in telecommunications system 100 of Fig. 1. Terminating short message entity 104 includes buffer 302. Buffer 302 provides an input to fragment retriever 304. Fragment retriever 304 provides an input to message reconstructer 306. Finally, message reconstructer 306 drives disposing device 308 which may, for example, comprise a display for displaying a displayable message to a user.

In operation, buffer 302 receives more than one data package relating to a displayable message transmitted from originating short message entity 102 to terminating short message entity 104. Buffer 302 stores the data packages. Fragment retriever 304 retrieves a fragment of a displayable message and a reference parameter from each data package that indicates the position of the fragment relative to the other fragments in the displayable message. Fragment retriever 304 further orders the fragments according to the reference parameters retrieved from the data packages. Message reconstructer 306 reconstructs the displayable message and provides the displayable message to disposing device 308. It is noted that fragment retriever 304 may process data packages corresponding to different displayable messages in parallel if a parameter such as Msg_ID is used.

Fig. 4a is a flow chart illustrating an embodiment of the present invention. The method begins at block 402. At block 404 the method retrieves a data package. At block 406, the method determines whether the data package has already been received by, for example, checking the SMS_Fragment_Number and the Msg_ID parameters against a list of received data packages. If the answer is yes, the data package has been previously received and the method returns to block 404 to retrieve another data package. Thus, terminating short message entity 104 can reject duplicate fragments that may have been received due to retransmissions. A retransmission by the originating short message entity may occur, for example, because an acknowledgment to an earlier transmission was not received in time, e.g., prior to expiration of a timer at the originating short message entity.

25

5

10

15

20

If, however, the answer at block 406 is no, then the data package has not been previously received. At block 408, the fragment is retrieved from the data package and stored. Receipt of the fragment may be recorded by, for example, recording the parameters SMS_Fragment_Number and Msg_ID for the data package.

5

10

15

20

25

30

At block 410, the method determines whether all fragments corresponding to the displayable message have been retrieved. The parameter SMS_Total_Payload_Size included in at least one data package may be used in determining whether all fragments have been retrieved. If not all fragments have been retrieved, the method returns to block 404 and continues to receive data packages. If, however, the answer is yes, the method proceeds to block 412 and marks the displayable message ready for reassembly. At block 413, the method disposes of the displayable message by, for example, displaying the displayable message. The method ends at block 414.

Fig. 4b is a flow chart of an illustrative embodiment of the present invention. The method begins at block 416. At block 418, the method retrieves a fragment from a data package. At block 420, the method appends the fragment to the end of the displayable message undergoing re-assembly. The method determines whether there are other fragments to be appended to the displayable message at block 422. This determination may be based on whether the number of characters in the re-assembled message is equal to the value of a parameter such as SMS_Total_Payload_Size. If the answer is yes, then the method returns to block 418 and retrieves and processes the next fragment. When the answer at block 422 is no, then the entire displayable message has been re-assembled, and the method ends at block 424.

Fig. 5 is a sample operational message flow scenario of an illustrative embodiment of the present invention. Originating short message entity 500 sends a displayable message to terminating short message entity 502. For illustrative purposes, terminating short message entity 502 comprises a wireless terminal such as a cellular telephone or pager. Terminating short message entity 502 is capable of communicating with a serving base station 504 over a prescribed air interface such as TDMA, CDMA, AMPS/NAMPS or other standard that supports short message service. Base station 504 is coupled to wireless switching center ("WSC") 506. Visited location register 508 is associated with wireless switching center 506 and contains a listing of wireless terminals that are in the area covered by wireless switching center 506. Message center 510 and home location register 512 are associated with the home wireless telecommunications network of terminating short message entity 502. It is noted that message center 510 and originating short message entity 500 my reside in a single device such as a personal computer, a wireless or wireline terminal or other device for sending a short message.

10

15

20

25

30

In operation, originating short message entity 500 deposits a displayable message with message center 510. Message center 510 sends a Short Message Service Request (SMSREQ) invoke to home location register 512. If terminating short message entity 502 is being served by its home wireless telecommunications system or a visited wireless telecommunications system with which terminating short message entity 502 has previously registered (e.g., by autonomous registration), then home location register 512 sends a short message service request (smsreq) return result, including, among other things, a parameter SMS_Maximum_Fragment_Size (SMFS), giving the capacity of wireless switching center 506 and base station 504.

If, however, terminating short message entity 502 has roamed into a wireless telecommunications system and has not registered, then the smsreq from home location register 512 will indicate a failure. Message center 510 stores the displayable message until terminating short message entity 502 accesses serving wireless switching center 506, and REGNOT and SMSNOT operations are performed.

As shown in Fig. 5, to register in the visited system, terminating short message entity 502 performs a "system access", which may include, among other things, placing a call in the serving system through base station 504 and wireless switching center 506. Wireless switching center 506 sends a "RegistrationNotification" message (REGNOT) to visited location register 508. Visited location register 508 in turn transmits the REGNOT message to home location register 512. Wireless switching center 506 includes a parameter SMFS that gives the capacity of wireless switching center 506 and base station 504 in the REGNOT message if wireless switching center 506 is capable of performing short message service. The capacity typically depends on the internal design of wireless switching center 506 or base station 504 or other components of the conveying network. Home location register 512 transmits the SMFS parameter to message center 510 in the SMS Notification (SMSNOT) invoke. Message center 510 uses the SMFS parameter to divide the displayable message into appropriately sized fragments for transmission over the conveying network via, for example an SMDPP operation. As also shown in Fig. 5, message center 510 sends an SMS notification (smsnot) return result to home location register 512. Home location register 512 in turn sends a RegistrationNotification (regnot) return result to the visited location register 508. Visited location register 508 in turn sends a regnot return result message to wireless switching center 506.

Once message center 510 has received either the smsreq message or the SMSNOT message, message center 510 may fragment the displayable message according to the pipe capacity given in the SMFS parameter. If the capacity of the portion of the conveying network of the home wireless telecommunications system is smaller than the portion of pipeline of wireless

10

15

20

25

30

switching center 506 and base station 508, as given in the SMFS, then the SMFS will be adjusted at home location register 512.

Message center 510 transmits the fragments to wireless switching center 506 and base station 504 using, for example, the short message delivery operation (SMDPP). Base station 504 transmits the fragments to terminating short message entity 502 in a message labeled, for example, first Short Message Delivery Request (1st SMD-REQ). Terminating short message entity 502 acknowledges receipt in a first Short Message Delivery Acknowledgment (1st SMD-ACK) message to base station 504. An smdpp return result for the first SMDPP operation is transmitted from wireless switching center 506 to message center 510. Message center 510 similarly sends each fragment to terminating short message entity 502. As shown, when the Nth, or final fragment has been transmitted by message center 510 and received by terminating short message entity 502, transmission is complete. The fragmentation and transmission process ends. Terminating short message entity 502 then reconstructs the displayable message from the fragments as described above. It is noted that operational messages such as SMSREQ and REGNOT exist in some form in current standards such as IS-41 thus making the illustrative embodiments more easily implemented. Further, other operational messages may be used to accomplish the result as described above.

It should be understood that the operative elements of the system architecture relevant to the invention are highlighted above. Many others, while present in the architecture, are only tangentially relevant to the present invention, so they are either not referred to or grouped with other elements in a broader description of their function at the system level. Further, the present invention involves systems that process and transmit data, where many operations may be done in a different order or using a different methodology to achieve the same end result. For example, re-assembly of the displayable message may be done concurrently with the fragment retriever by simply concatenating the fragments as they are received and shifting previously received data and inserting any fragments received out of order. Further, the capacity determination may take into account more than just the capacity of the serving wireless switching center. The capacity of each element of the conveying network may be considered in determining the size of the fragments. Further, the teachings of the present invention are also applicable to terminating short message entities that are in the process of being handed off or are in sleep mode. Finally, the illustrative systems discussed in conjunction with the Figures relate to cellular wireless systems, but the concepts also apply to wireline and other wireless systems, such as paging systems.

What is claimed is:

15

10

20

25

30

1. A system that is capable of transmitting a displayable message to a terminating short message entity in more than one data package over a conveying network, the system comprising:

a capacity determiner that determines a capacity of the conveying network for transmitting data;

a fragmenter that divides the displayable message into fragments at an application protocol layer based on the capacity determined by the capacity determiner such that the size of the fragments does not exceed the capacity of the conveying network; and

a packager that packages the fragments into the data packages such that the data packages are operable to be separately transmitted by a short message service over the conveying network.

- 2. The system of claim 1, wherein the capacity determiner determines a number of octets in the displayable message that are operable to be transmitted in the data packages.
- 3. The system of claim 1, wherein the capacity determiner determines a number of bits in the displayable message that are operable to be transmitted in the data packages.
- 4. The system of claim 1, wherein the fragmenter divides the displayable message into n fragments such that (n-1) of the fragments include an amount of data substantially equal to the capacity of the conveying network, and one of the fragments includes an amount of data less that the capacity of the conveying network.
- 5. The system of claim 1, wherein the data packages further include an indicia of the size of the displayable message and a reference parameter corresponding to the position of the fragments in the displayable message.
- 6. The system of claim 5, wherein the packager adds the indicia of the size of the displayable message and the reference parameter corresponding to the position of the fragment into the data packages.
- 7. The system of claim 1, wherein the data packages further include an indicia of the identity of the displayable message.
- 8. The system of claim 7, wherein the packager adds the indicia of the identity of the displayable message into the data packages.
- 9. The system of claim 1, wherein the packager identifies a reference parameter for the data packages corresponding to the position of the fragment with respect to other fragments in the displayable message.

- 10. The system of claim 1, wherein the capacity determiner determines the capacity based on a capacity indication from a serving wireless telecommunications network in the conveying network.
- 11. The system of claim 1, wherein the capacity determiner, the fragmenter and the packager comprise a displayable message center coupled to a serving wireless telecommunications network that transmits the displayable message to the wireless terminal.
- 12. A wireless telecommunications system that is capable of registering visiting wireless terminals associated with a different home location register, the system comprising:

a wireless switching center that is operable to receive calls and registration information from visiting wireless terminals through one of a plurality of base stations;

a visited location register coupled to the wireless switching center that is operable to provide an indicia of the capacity of the wireless system during a registration operation to the home location register of the wireless terminal for use in fragmentation and reassembly of displayable messages transmitted on a short message service that exceed the capacity of the system.

13. A system capable of transmitting a displayable message over a conveying network in more than one data package, the system comprising:

a fragmenter for dividing a displayable message having an amount of data greater than the capacity of the components of the conveying network into fragments each having an amount of data less than or equal to the capacity of the conveying network; and

a packager for packaging the fragments into multiple data packages, the data packages including a reference parameter corresponding to the position of the fragment in the displayable message.

- 14. The system of claim 13, wherein the packager identifies the reference parameter for the data packages corresponding to the position of the fragments with respect to other fragments in the displayable message.
- 15. A system capable of reconstructing a displayable message from multiple data packages transmitted over a conveying network with a short message service, the system comprising:

a fragment retriever for retrieving a fragment of a displayable message and a reference parameter from the data package wherein the size of the fragment is based on the capacity of the conveying network, the position of the fragment in the displayable message is determined

15

10

5

20

25

by the reference parameter retrieved from the data package for the fragment, the fragment retriever ordering the corresponding fragments according to the reference parameters retrieved from the data packages; and

a message reconstructer for assembling the fragments into the displayable message according to their reference parameter.

- 16. The system of claim 15, wherein the fragment retriever identifies the total amount of data in the displayable message from an indicia included in at least one data package.
- 17. The system of claim 15, wherein the fragment retriever sums the total amount of data in the data packages received and compares the sum with the indicia of the total amount of data included in the at least one data package.
- 18. A method capable of transmitting a displayable message over a conveying network in more than one data package, the method comprising:

determining a capacity of the components of the conveying network for transmitting data;

dividing the displayable message into fragments at the application protocol layer based on the capacity of the conveying network such that the size of the fragments does not exceed the capacity of the conveying network; and

packaging the fragments into the data packages such that the data packages are operable to be separately transmitted by a short message service over the conveying network, a data package including a reference parameter corresponding to the position of the fragment in the displayable message.

- 19. The method of claim 18, wherein the step of determining a capacity comprises the step of determining a number of characters in the displayable message that are operable to be transmitted in the data packages.
- 20. The method of claim 18, wherein the step of determining a capacity comprises the step of determining a number of bits in the displayable message that are operable to be transmitted in the data packages.
- 21. The method of claim 18, wherein the step of dividing the displayable message comprises dividing the displayable message into n fragments such that (n-1) of the fragments include an amount of data equal to the capacity of the conveying network, and one of the fragments includes an amount of data less than the capacity of the conveying network.

]] 15

5

10

20

25

- 22. The method of claim 18, and further comprising including an indicia of the size of the displayable message in the data packages.
- 23. The method of claim 18, and further comprising identifying a reference parameter for the data packages corresponding to the position of the fragment with respect to other fragments in the displayable message.
- 24. A method capable of reconstructing a displayable message from multiple data packages transmitted over a conveying network with a short message service, the method comprising:

retrieving a fragment of a displayable message a reference parameter from the data packages wherein the size of the fragments is based on the capacity of the conveying network, the position of the fragment in the displayable message determined by the reference parameter retrieved from the data package for the fragment, the fragment retriever ordering the corresponding fragments according to the reference parameters retrieved from the data packages; and

assembling the fragments into the displayable message according to their reference parameter.

- 25. The method of claim 24, wherein the step of retrieving comprises the step of identifying the total amount of data in the displayable message from an indicia included in the data packages.
- 26. The method of claim 24, wherein the step of retrieving comprises the step of summing the amount of data in the data packages received and compares the sum with the indicia of the total amount of data included in the data packages.

10

5

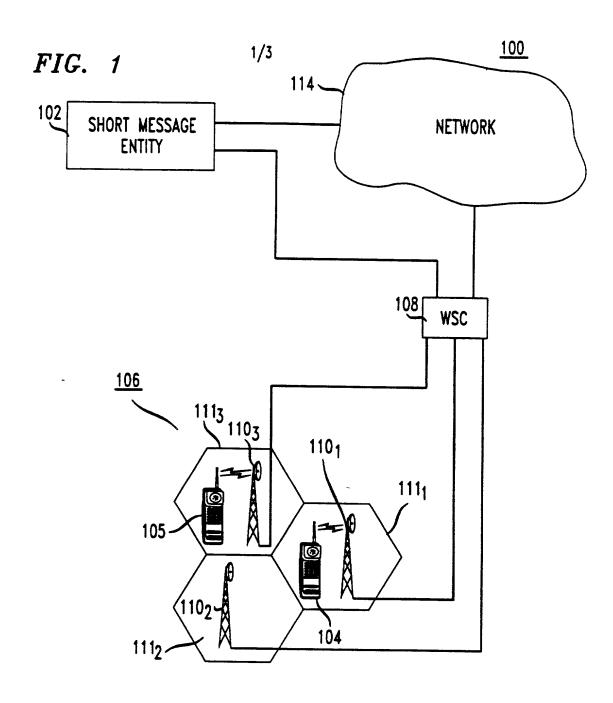
15

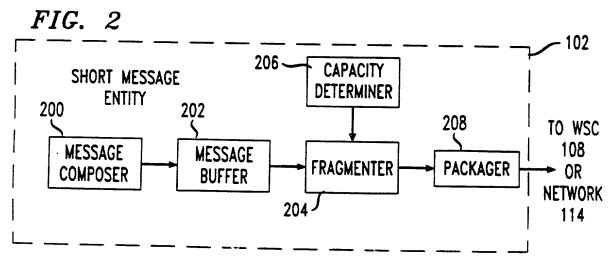
10

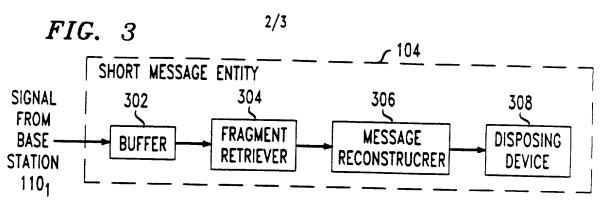
15

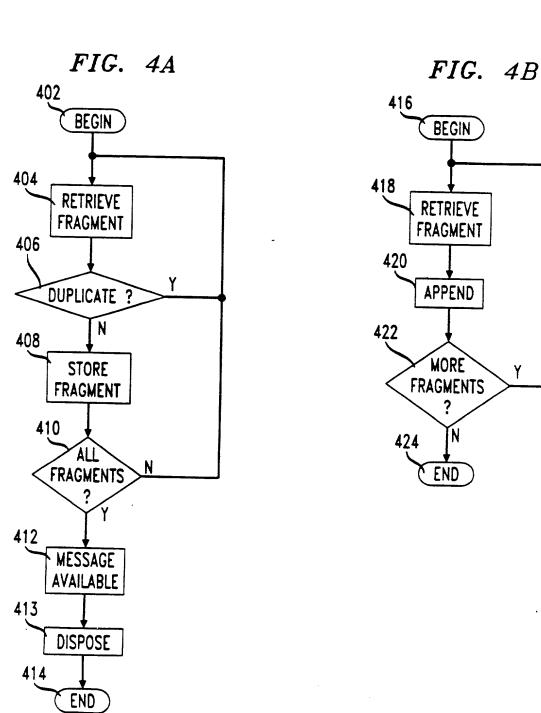
Abstract

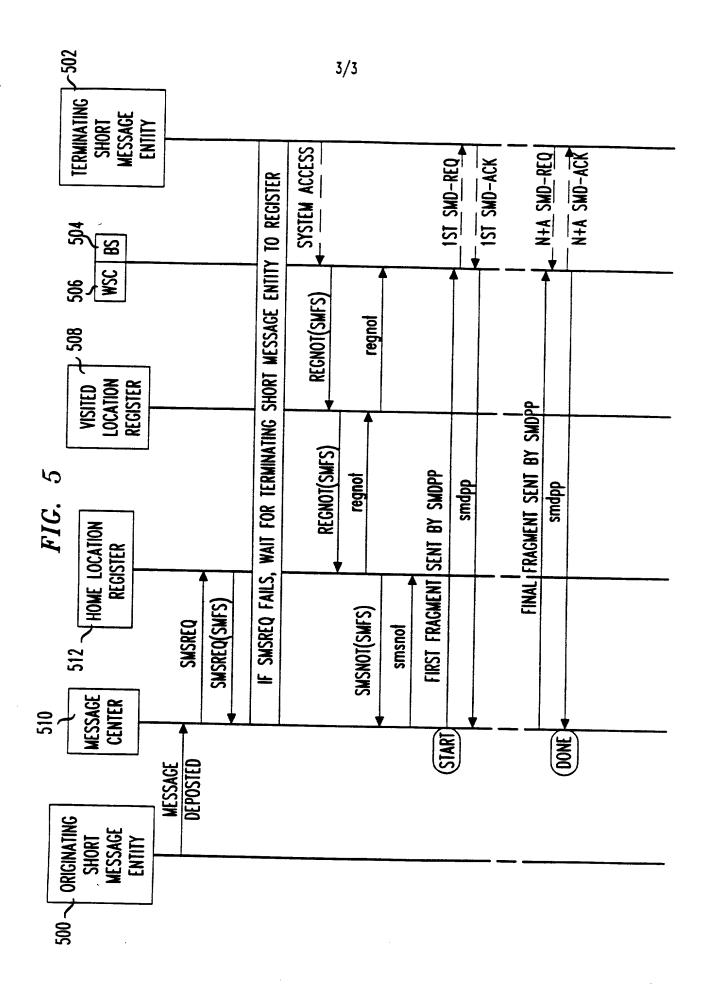
A system (100) that is capable of transmitting a displayable message to a short message entity (102, 104 or 105) in more than one data package over a conveying network. The system (100) uses a capacity determiner (206) to determine a capacity of the conveying network for transmitting data. Based on this capacity of the conveying network, a fragmenter (204) divides the displayable message into fragments at an application protocol layer. The size of a fragment does not exceed the capacity of the conveying network. Finally, a packager (208) packages the fragments into data packages. The data packages are operable to be separately transmitted by a short message service over the conveying network. The data packages may include a reference parameter corresponding to the position of the fragment in the displayable message. Further, a reference parameter may indicate the total size of the displayable message being fragmented and packaged. When all of the fragments of the displayable message are received at the terminating short message entity (102, 104 or 105), a fragment retriever (304) retrieves the fragments. A message reconstructer (306) reconstructs the displayable message. The displayable message is then passed to a disposing device (308).











IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Declaration and Power of Attorney

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am an original, first and joint inventor of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled System And Method For Transmitting A Displayable Message To A Short Message Entity In More Than One Data Package the specification of which is attached hereto.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by an amendment, if any, specifically referred to in this oath or declaration.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

None

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

None

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute said application, to make alterations and amendments therein, to receive the patent, and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

Samuel H. Dworetsky
Ronald D. Slusky
Jason P. DeMont

(Reg. No. 27873)
(Reg. No. 26585)
(Reg. No. 35793)

Please address all correspondence to Mr. S. H. Dworetsky, AT&T Bell Laboratories, 600 Mountain Avenue, P. O. Box 636, Murray Hill, New Jersey 07974-0636. Telephone calls should be made to Jason P. DeMont by dialing Area Code 201-386-2992.

Full name of 1st joint inventor: Benson S. Ayabe

Inventor's signature 3777 5. Type Date 12/7/95

Residence: Naperville, Dupage County, Illinois

Citizenship: United States of America

Post Office Address:

1903 Spice Circle

Naperville, Illinois 60565

Full name of 2nd joint inventor: Sharat Subramaniyam Chander

Residence: Woodridge, DuPage County, Illinois

Citizenship: United States of America

Post Office Address:

Inventor's signature

4105 Nelson Court

Woodridge, Illinois 60517

At Substancy Charles Date

Full name of 3rd joint inventor: Semyon B. Mizikovsky

Inventor's signature_

Date 12/

Residence: Morganville, Monmouth County, New Jersey

Citizenship: United States of America

Post Office Address:

227 Yellowknife Road

Morganville, New Jersey 07751

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS WASHINGTON, D.C. 20231

POWER OF ATTORNEY

I, Bruce S. Schneider, hereby declare that:

I am a Corporate Counsel for Lucent Technologies Inc. (Lucent);

I have been given the power by Michael R. Greene, an Officer of Lucent, to act for Lucent in all matters relating to the patent application identified in the enclosed application papers. (The original of the Power to me from Michael Greene has been filed with the Office of Petitions in connection with the attached decision on Petition.)

As to the application identified in the enclosed application papers, the attached decision on Petition dated October 10, 1996, recognized Lucent as assignee of record. Therefore, as to the application identified in the enclosed papers, I revoke all previous powers and hereby appoint the following attorneys with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute said applications, to make alterations and amendments therein, to receive the patents, and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

Lester H. Birnbaum Richard J. Botos Jeffery J. Brosemer Kenneth M. Brown Craig J. Cox Donald P. Dinella Guy H. Eriksen Martin I. Finston James H. Fox William S. Francos	(Reg. No. 25830) (Reg. No. 32016) (Reg. No. 36096) (Reg. No. 37590) (Reg. No. 39643) (Reg. No. 39961) (Reg. No. 41736) (Reg. No. 31613) (Reg. No. 29379) (Reg. No. 38456)
William S. Francos Barry H. Freedman Julio A. Garceran Mony R. Ghose Jimmy Goo Anthony Grillo Stephen M. Gurey John M. Harman Michael B. Johannesen	(Reg. No. 38456) (Reg. No. 26166) (Reg. No. 37138) (Reg. No. 38159) (Reg. No. 36528) (Reg. No. 36535) (Reg. No. 27336) (Reg. No. 38173) (Reg. No. 35557)
Mark A. Kurisko Irena Lager	(Reg. No. 38944) (Reg. No. 39260)

Christopher N. Malvone Scott W. McLellan	(Reg. No. 34866) (Reg. No. 30776)
Martin G. Meder	(Reg. No. 34674)
John C. Moran	(Reg. No. 30782)
Michael A. Morra	(Reg. No. 28975)
Gregory J. Murgia	(Reg. No. 41209)
Claude R. Narcisse	, •
	(Reg. No. 38979)
Joseph J. Opalach	(Reg. No. 36229)
Neil R. Ormos	(Reg. No. 35309)
Eugen E. Pacher	(Reg. No. 29964)
Jack R. Penrod	(Reg. No. 31864)
Daniel Piotrowski	(Reg. N ð . 42079)
Gregory C. Ranieri	(Reg. No. 29695)
Scott J. Rittman	(Reg. No. 39010)
Eugene J. Rosenthal	(Reg. No. 36658)
Bruce S. Schneider	(Reg. No. 27949)
Ronald D. Slusky	(Reg. No. 26585)
David L. Smith	(Reg. No. 30592)
Patricia A. Verlangieri	(Reg. No. 42201)
John P. Veschi	(Reg. No. 39058)
David Volejnicek	(Reg. No. 29355)
Charles L. Warren	(Reg. No. 27407)
Jeffrey M. Weinick	(Reg. No. 36304)
Eli Weiss	(Reg. No. 17765)
LII TTOIGG	(

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the applications or any patents issued thereon.

Please address all correspondence to the Docket Administrator (Rm. 3C-512), Lucent Technologies Inc., 600 Mountain Avenue, P.O. Box 636, Murray Hill, New Jersey 07974-0636. Telephone calls should be made to me by dialing 908-582-6358.

Date: 4/27/99

Bruce S. Schneider Corporate Counsel Intellectual Property-Law

APPENDIX "D"

LIST OF PATENTS AND PATENT APPLICATIONS TRANSFERRED BY AT&T TO LUCENT

05/646064	05/712394	05/787848	05/853796	05/910190	05/972022
05/648288	05/714525	05/788569	05/858389	05/911099	05/972023
05/650618	05/717987	05/793279	05/860339	05/912467	05/972024
05/651557	05/719259	05/793861	05/861838	05/913430	05/972025
05/653215	05/720978	05/795349	05/862253	05/913430	05/972056
05/655360	05/721032	05/796074	05/863466	05/917132	05/972057
05/655427	05/726590	05/797715	05/864499	05/917841	05/972107
05/655524	05/727056	05/798350	05/865569	05/918404	05/973710
05/656790	05/729682	05/800631	05/866365	05/918404	05/974376
05/658586	05/732344	05/802824	05/869365	05/919759	06/001065
05/658702	05/732354	05/805300	05/871477	05/924138	06/001303
05/659943	05/732755	05/806324	05/872173	05/896769	06/001304
05/660324	05/741639	05/806364	05/873283	05/928930	06/001379
05/669164	05/744622	05/808036	05/876981	05/929368	06/001462
05/670162	05/748485	05/809030	05/878968	05/929705	06/002741
05/671565	05/749396	05/809211	05/882023	05/931159	06/010306
05/672767	05/750793	05/810457	05/885385	05/934815	06/010731
05/673412	05/750932	05/821241	05/886557	05/934816	06/012656
05/674476	05/759609	05/821241	05/887882	05/937950	06/021730
05/682590	05/759866	05/821566	05/889261	05/939062	06/024948
05/683589	05/761806	05/821567	05/891293	05/939248	06/027613
05/683851	05/764572	05/830437	05/892106	05/940398	06/030724
05/684974	05/764755	05/830597	05/893794	05/943162	06/034570
05/685280	05/765440	05/830598	05/899146	05/943681	06/042692
05/686460	05/765547	05/832888	05/899578	05/947021	06/044073
05/687462	05/765558	05/832888	05/900368	05/948164	06/044398
05/687623	05/765559	05/838141	05/900937	05/959206	06/047214
05/688593	05/767819	05/840161	05/901667	05/964193	06/049264
05/690735	05/768677	05/840226	05/902880	05/965777	06/050342
05/694636	05/769646	05/840778	05/902880	05/965992	06/054125
05/702630	05/769951	05/846463	05/903123	05/967174	06/055673
05/705197	05/770244	05/847213	05/903124	05/967548	06/058297
05/706655	05/775431	05/848000	05/903347	05/967549	06/058791
05/710358	05/776656	05/848621	05/916030	05/967806	06/060568
05/710358	05/776787	05/848621	05/907874	05/969220	06/061941
05/710514	05/780354	05/850775	05/908591	05/970945	06/062422
05/711285	05/780976	05/851156	05/909128	05/971886	06/063614
05/712392	05/782349	05/853123	05/909948	05/972021	06/064258

- 18 -

AT&T PROPRIETARY (RESTRICTED)
SOLELY FOR THOSE PERSONS HAVING A NEED TO KNOW
USE PURSUANT TO COMPANY INSTRUCTIONS

08/569511	08/574418	08/577953	08/579231	Lanna	
08/569516	1000.0000	08/578001	08/579689	1 000012	08/582566
08/569552		60/009116	08/579700	1 22000001	08/582569
08/570138	1	60/009205		10100101	08/583250
08/570143	08/573672	60/009206	08/579713	9400000	08/583355
08/570144	08/573673	08/578121	08/579752	08/580910	08/583361
08/570423	08/573700	08/578122	08/579753	08/580911	08/583367
08/570429	08/573701	08/578123	08/579842	08/580915	08/584497
08/570788	08/573702	08/578260	08/579843	08/580920	08/585317
08/570902	08/573705	08/578274	08/579844	08/580951	08/584932
08/570903	08/573736	08/578286	08/579864	08/580953	08/584935
08/570904	08/573738	08/578289	08/579894	08/580954	08/584936
08/570905	08/573739	08/578292	08/579946	08/580955	08/585086
08/570906	08/573763	08/578363		08/581077	08/585969
08/571004	08/573923	08/578365	08/579961	08/581079	08/586036
08/571050	08/574003	08/578721	08/580218	08/581141	08/586268
60/008513	29/048033	08/578724	08/580219	08/581232	08/586347
60/008514	08/574472	08/578816	08/580220	08/581283	08/586412
08/571570	08/591186	08/578819	08/580229	08/581285	08/586413
08/572247	08/575972	08/578844	08/580231	08/581418	08/586414
08/572248	08/575974	08/579617	08/580239	08/581661	08/587060
08/572275	08/575975	08/581710	08/580240	08/581665	08/587061
08/572276	08/576119	08/591190	08/580264	08/581666	08/587064
08/572286	08/576142	08/579105	08/580413	08/581700	08/587426
08/572196	08/576385	08/579174	08/580419	08/581951	08/590696
08/572359	08/576411	08/579175	08/580470	08/586008	08/588155
08/572457	08/576420	08/579176	08/581024	08/586012	08/588156
08/572481	08/576421	08/579177	08/581292	08/587801	08/588673
08/572588	08/576602	08/579497	08/581299	29/048443	08/588193
08/572594	08/576607	08/579498	08/581634	29/048444	08/588478
08/572599	08/576662	08/579516	08/581635	29/048445	08/588493
60/009487	08/579051	08/579517	08/581636	29/048446	08/588954
08/572941	08/570738	08/579524	08/581637	29/048447	08/588970
08/572945	08/575791	08/579525	08/581640	29/048448	08/589224
08/572955	08/577077	08/579526	08/581643	60/009315	08/589229
08/572956	08/577301	08/579527	08/581644	60/009353	08/589233
08/572979	08/577350	08/579528	08/583144	60/009363	08/589314
08/573012	08/577454	08/579529	08/583145	60/009430	08/589428
08/573100	08/577637	08/579531	60/009337	60/009537	08/589660
08/573607	08/577786	08/579533	60/009427	60/009878	08/590236
08/573616	08/577890	08/579534	60/009428	08/581792	08/590239
08/573619	08/577947	08/579537	08/577675	08/581830	08/590722
08/574059	08/577952	08/580731	08/579986	08/581852	08/599500
1		00/300/31	08/580107	08/582565	08/592245

- 37 -

AT&T PROPRIETARY (RESTRICTED)
SOLELY FOR THOSE PERSONS HAVING A NEED TO KNOW USE PURSUANT TO COMPANY INSTRUCTIONS